

# **GLOBAL 10**



## **Chapter 20: The Atlantic World 1492-1800**

**Section 1: Spain Builds an American Empire**

**Section 2: European Nations Settle North America**

**Section 3: The Atlantic Slave Trade**

**Section 4: The Columbian Exchange and Global Trade**



# Chapter 20: The Atlantic World

## 1492-1800

### Section 1: Spain Builds an American Empire

Christopher Columbus \_\_\_\_\_

colony \_\_\_\_\_

Hernando Cortes \_\_\_\_\_

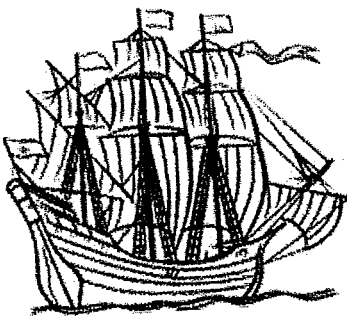
conquistador \_\_\_\_\_

Francisco Pizarro \_\_\_\_\_

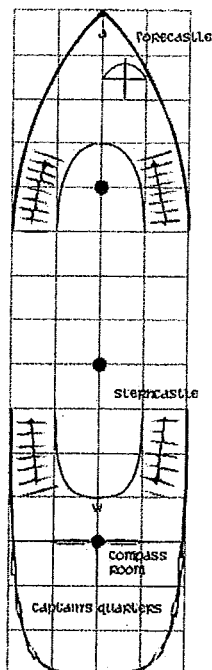
Atahualpa \_\_\_\_\_

mestizo \_\_\_\_\_

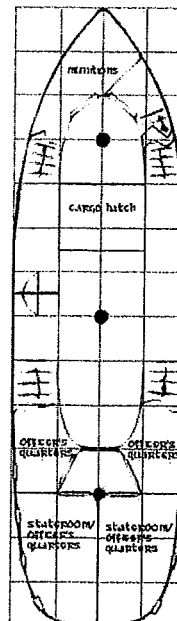
encomienda \_\_\_\_\_



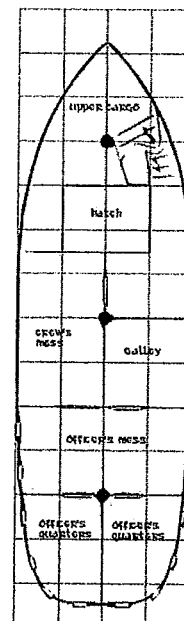
castle deck  
clearance: 9' 9"



main deck  
clearance: 9' 9"

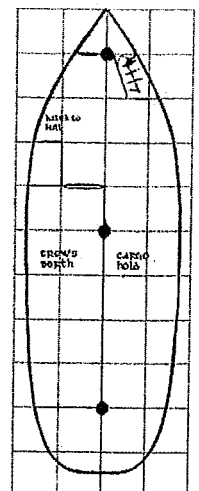


berth deck  
clearance: 4' 2"



a anchor  
w wheel  
● mast  
+ ballista

cargo deck  
clearance: 9' 9"



Spain's Influence Expands

Voyages of Columbus

Opposition to Spain

Spain's New Colonial Economy

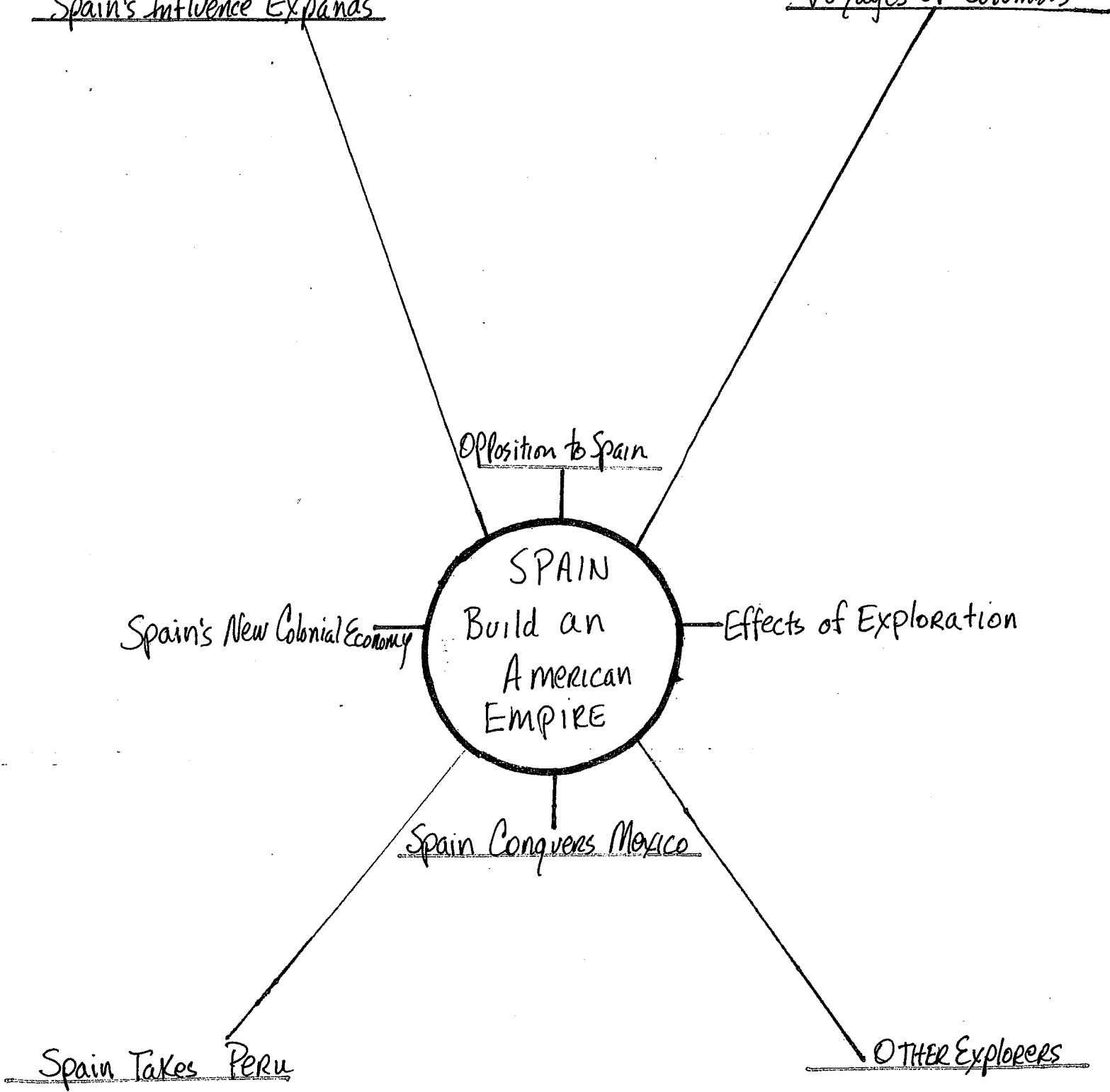
SPAIN  
Build an  
American  
Empire

Effects of Exploration

Spain Conquers Mexico

Spain Takes Peru

Other Explorers



## Section 2: European Nations Settle North America

New France \_\_\_\_\_

Jamestown \_\_\_\_\_

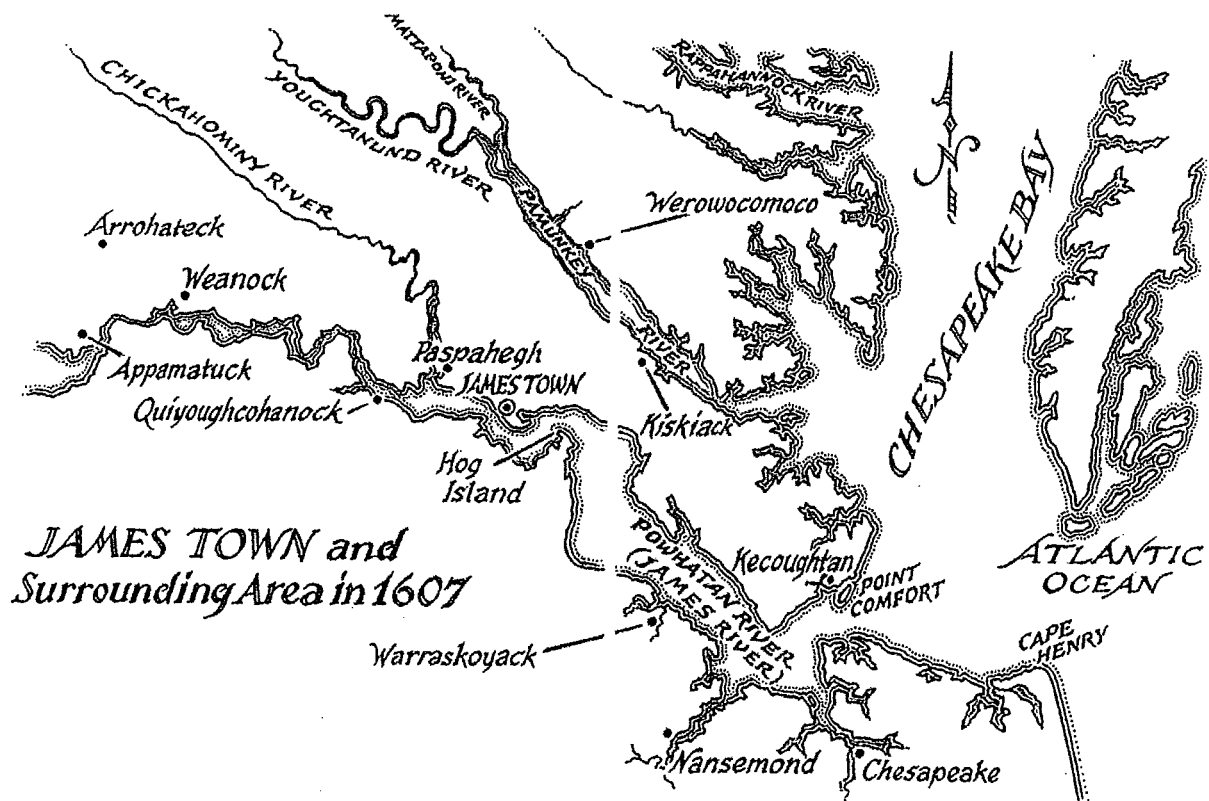
Pilgrims \_\_\_\_\_

Puritans \_\_\_\_\_

New Netherland \_\_\_\_\_

French and Indian War \_\_\_\_\_

Metacom \_\_\_\_\_



French + Indian War

Competing Claims in North America

Native Hostilities

Struggle For New Netherland

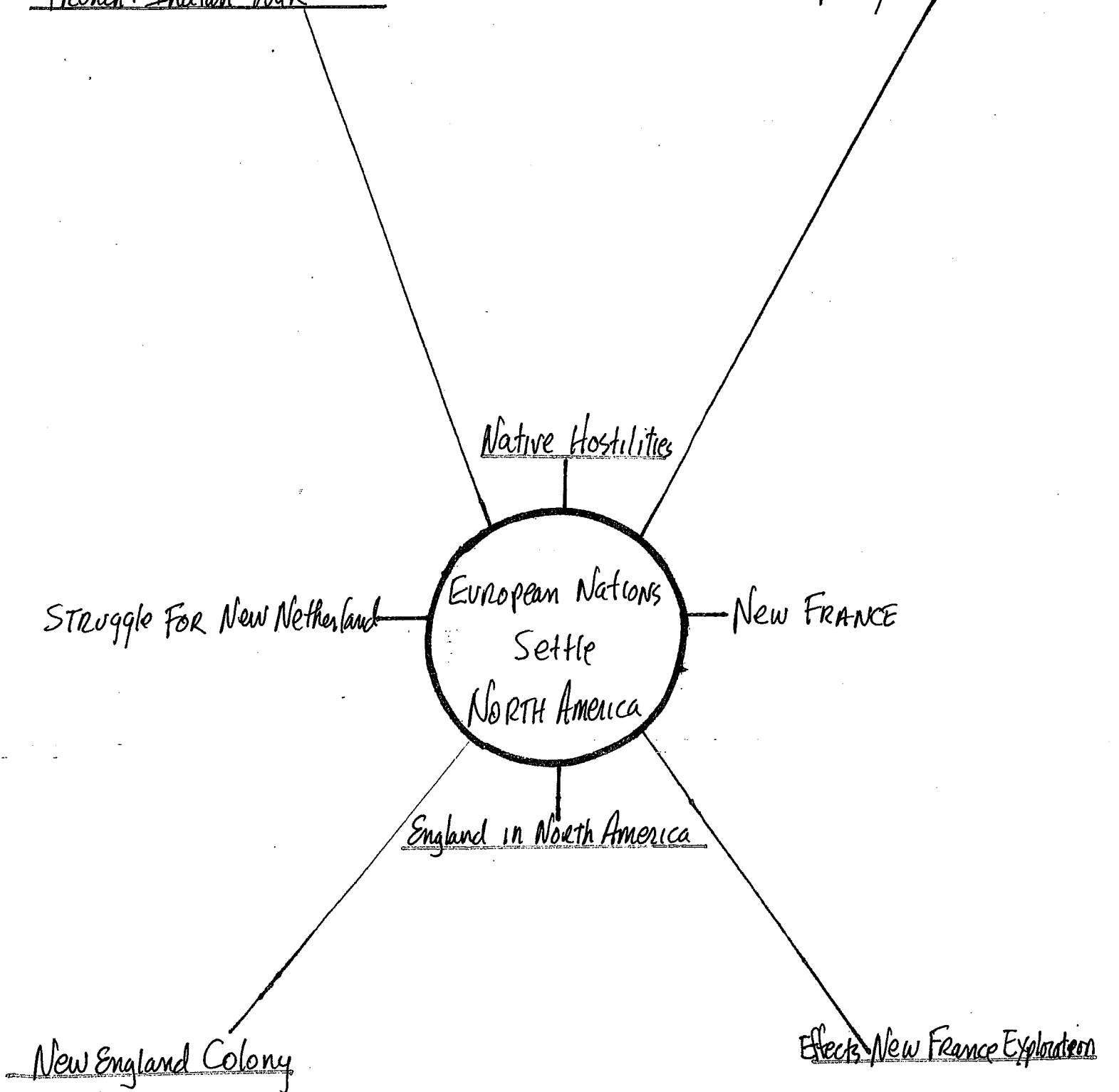
European Nations  
Settle  
North America

New France

England in North America

New England Colony

Effects New France Exploration

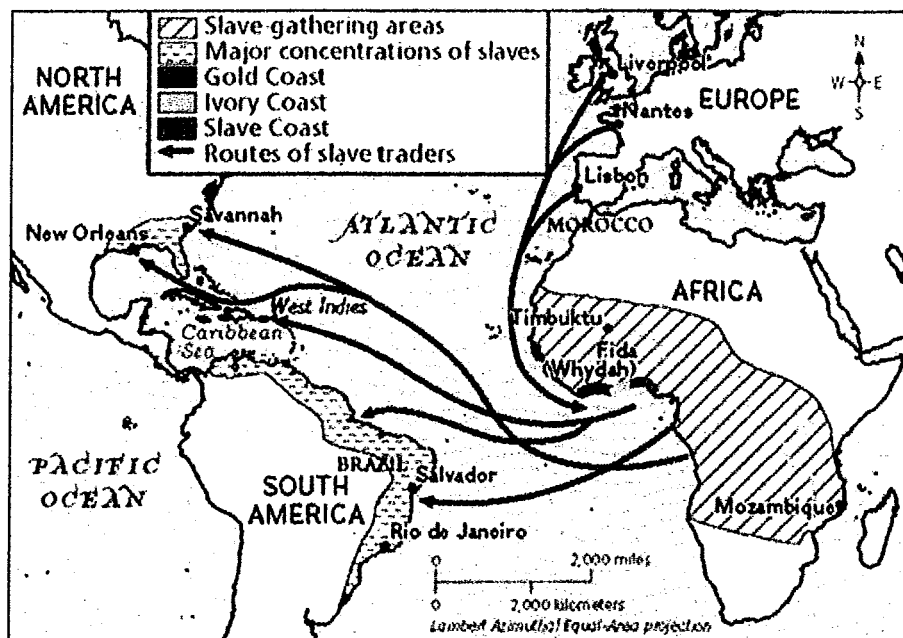
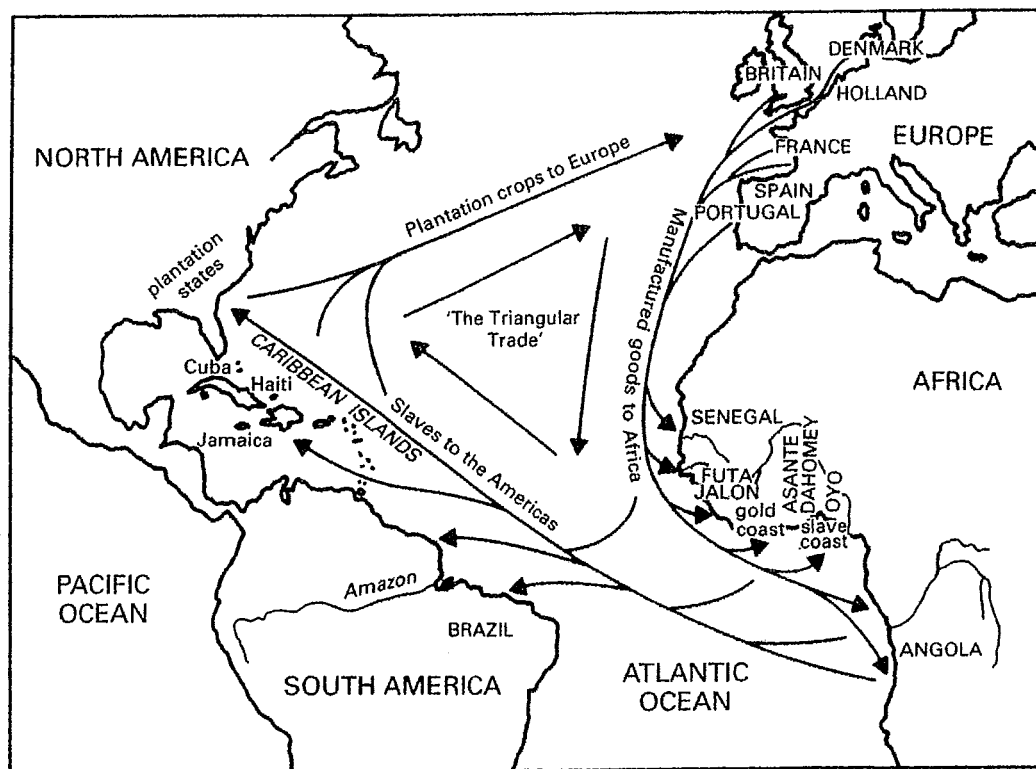


## Section 3: The Atlantic Slave Trade

Atlantic slave trade \_\_\_\_\_

triangular trade \_\_\_\_\_

middle passage \_\_\_\_\_



Spain + Portugal lead the way

Causes for African Slavery

Consequences

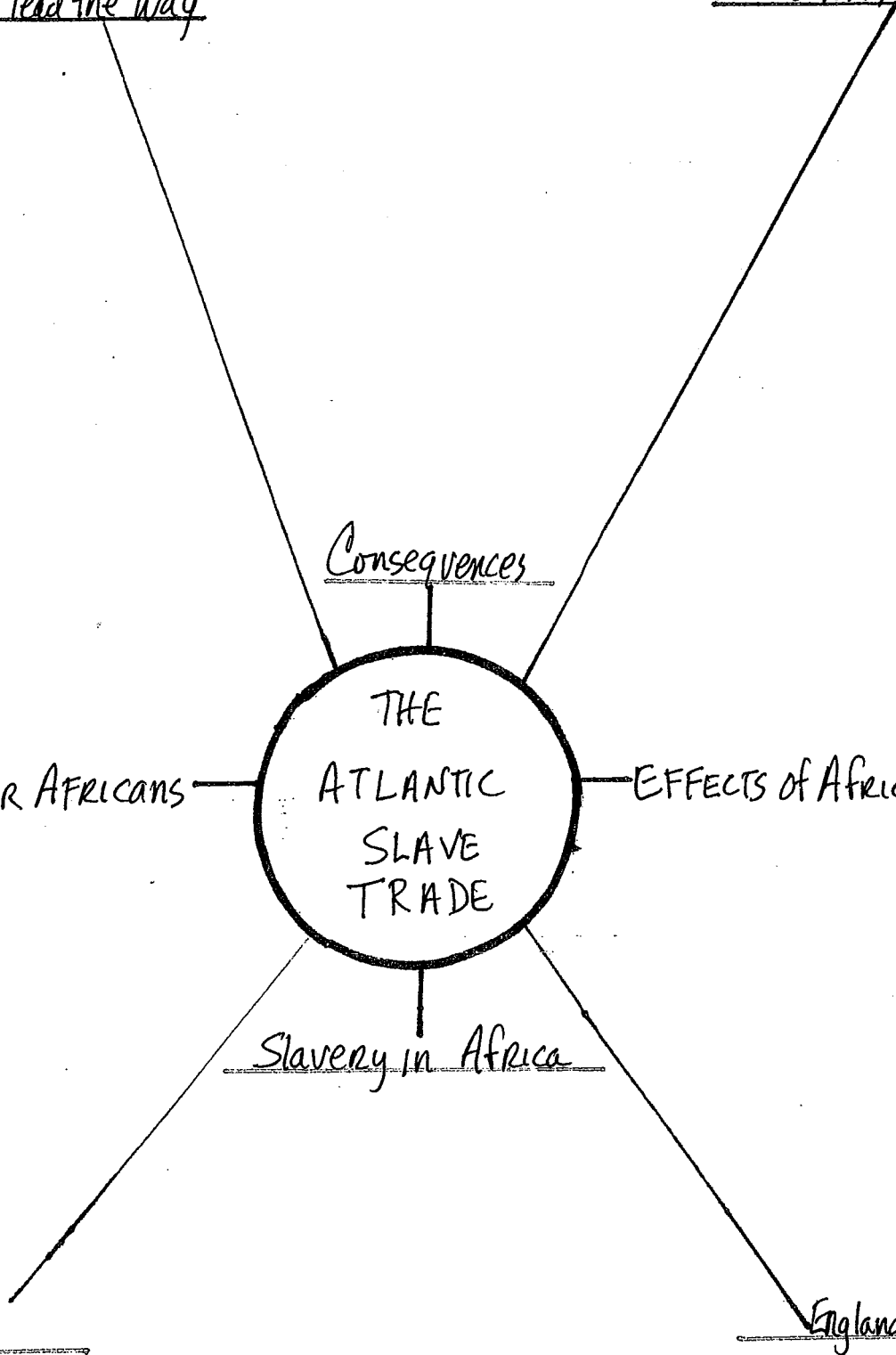
Demand For Africans

THE  
ATLANTIC  
SLAVE  
TRADE

EFFECTS of African Slavery

Slavery in Africa

England later Dominates





## Section 4: The Columbian Exchange and Global Trade

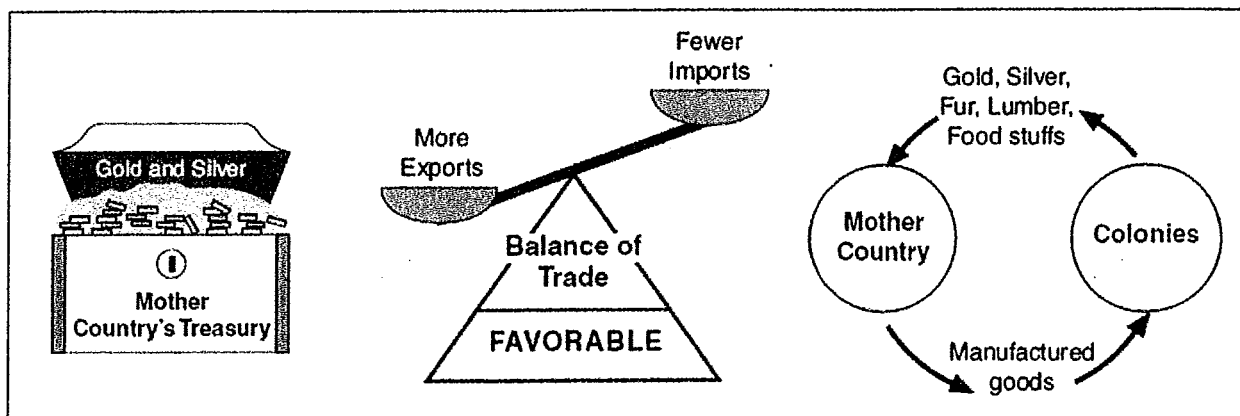
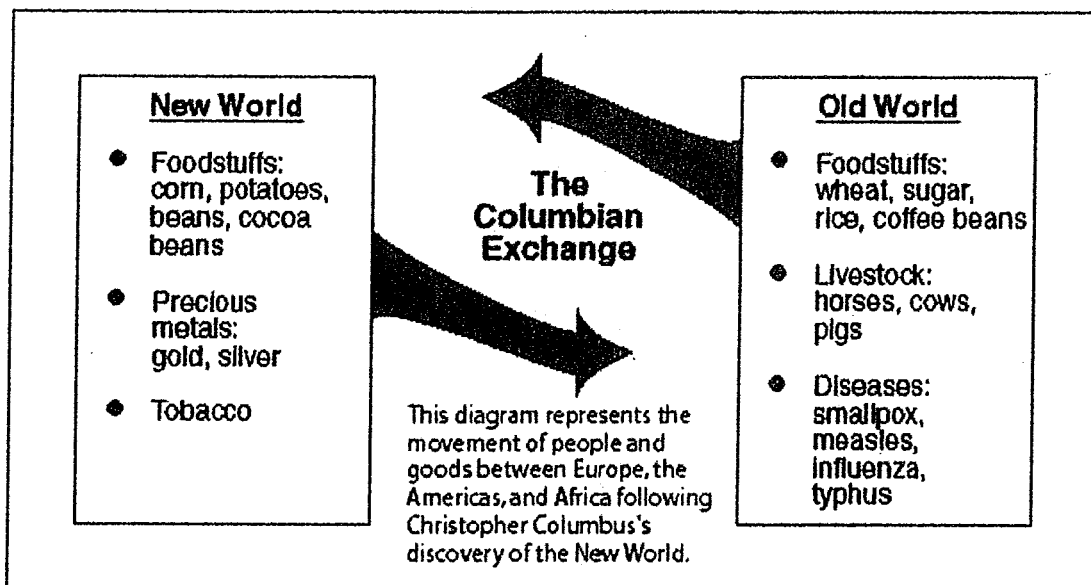
Columbian Exchange \_\_\_\_\_

capitalism \_\_\_\_\_

joint-stock company \_\_\_\_\_

mercantile \_\_\_\_\_

favorable balance of trade \_\_\_\_\_



The Exchange

Columbian Exchange

Legacy

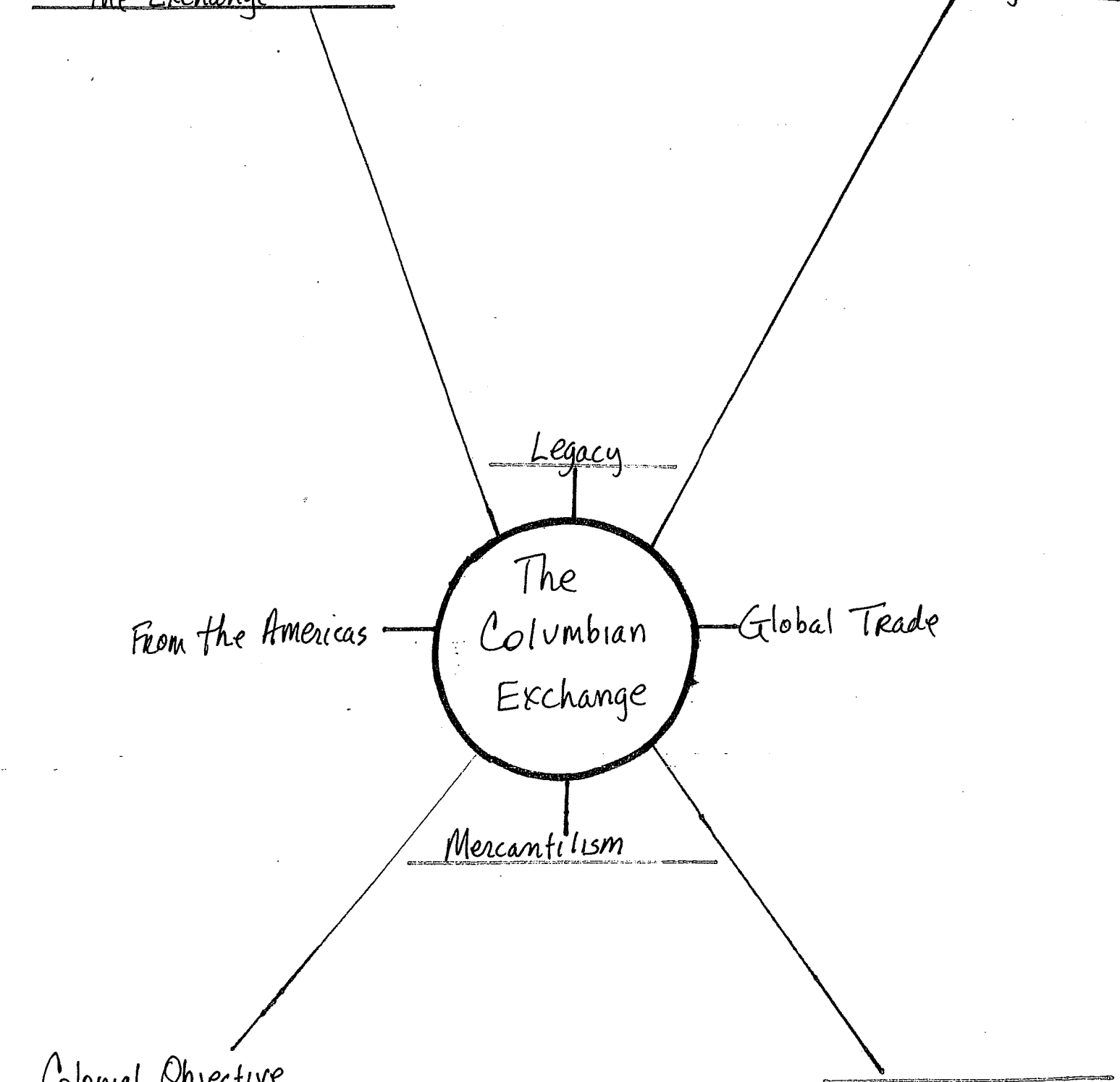
From the Americas

The  
Columbian  
Exchange

Global Trade

Mercantilism

Colonial Objective



**Glossary****CHAPTER 20 The Atlantic World**

**Aztec Empire** Great empire in the Valley of Mexico that had strong religious beliefs and a powerful army

**descendants** People who are offspring or ancestors of one family group

**erupted** Broke out

**imported** Brought into one country from another

**Inca Empire** Largest empire ever in the Americas, located in the Andes

**plantations** Large farms usually devoted to a single crop

**possession** Land owned by another country

**private ownership** Ownership by individuals instead of by groups or governments

**rebellions** Uprisings against the current government

**AFTER YOU READ****Names and Terms**

**A. Write the name or term in each blank that best completes the meaning of the paragraph.**

Puritans

Pilgrims

New France

New Netherland

Jamestown

colony

The first permanent **1** \_\_\_\_\_ to be established in what is now the United States was at **2** \_\_\_\_\_. Not long after a group of **3** \_\_\_\_\_ crossed the ocean and started a colony at Plymouth. They were followed by other **4** \_\_\_\_\_ who also settled in what is now Massachusetts. Settled by the English, these colonies were a kind of "New England." The empire established by France in America was called **5** \_\_\_\_\_. The empire established by the Dutch in America was called **6** \_\_\_\_\_.

**B. Write the letter of the name or term that matches the description.**

**a. mercantilism**

**b. capitalism**

**c. middle passage**

**d. favorable balance of trade**

**e. Atlantic slave trade**

- \_\_\_\_\_ **1.** Buying and selling of Africans for work in the Americas
- \_\_\_\_\_ **2.** Economic condition reached by selling more than is bought
- \_\_\_\_\_ **3.** Economic system that encourages people to make a profit
- \_\_\_\_\_ **4.** Economic policy that said a country's power depended mainly on its wealth
- \_\_\_\_\_ **5.** Voyage of captured Africans to the Americas

**AFTER YOU READ** (continued)

**CHAPTER 20** The Atlantic World

**Main Ideas**

**1. Why did the French and British fight for control of North America, and what happened?**

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**2. How did Native Americans react to the colonists?**

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**3. Describe the middle passage of the triangular trade.**

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**4. What was traded in the Columbian Exchange?**

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**5. Name three new business practices of global trade.**

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**Thinking Critically**

Answer the following questions on a separate sheet of paper.

**1. How did Spanish conquests forever change the Americas?**

**2. Discuss the ways the lives of Africans and Native Americans were altered by the European conquest of the Americas.**